

### **AGENDA**

- > Bank Statement Program Types/Income Calculation Methods
- General Eligibility Requirements
- ➤ NEW!! One Year Bank-Statement Program
- Bank Statement Types
  - Personal
  - Business
  - Co-Mingled/Blended
- > 12-Month Program
  - Income Calculation/Expense Factor
  - Expense Statement Letter
  - P&L
- > 3-Month Program
  - Income Calculation/P&L
- Large Deposits and NSF Rules
- Resources



### **Bank Statement**

### **Bank Statement Program Types/Income Calculation Methods**

### **12-Month Bank Statement Program**

Fixed Expense Factor Calculation

Expense Statement from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party tax preparer/CPA

P&L from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party tax preparer/CPA

#### **3-Month Bank Statement Program**

P&L from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party tax preparer/CPA



# Bank Statement

General Eligibility Requirements: 3- and 12-Month Program

SG 7.6: Owner-Occupied/Second Home

SG 8.6: Investment

At least one of the borrowers must be self-employed

Proof of two years self-employment required NEW!! Only 1 year SE required with A+ grade. (See NanQ Matrix)

Borrower must own at least 25% of the business

Borrower must list income on the 1003

<u>Please Note:</u> Tax returns and 4506-C are <u>NOT</u> required for this program. If tax returns and/or transcripts are provided, the loan will be ineligible for the Self-Employed Bank Statement Program.

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### **Additional Eligibility Detail: 3- and 12- Month Programs\***

- Pricing Program: Alt Doc
- Purchase, Rate/Term, and Cash-out Refi available
- Non-occupant co-borrowers are allowed
- Couple with Asset Utilization for extra income (SG 7.7/8.8)
- Transfers from Business to Personal is allowed
- Multiple accounts for the same business are acceptable
- Business license and most recent company formation documents for LLC, Corp, or S-Corp is required for <u>both programs</u>.

#### **Restrictions\***

- Min FICO 600 (Primary wage earner)
- Max DTI up to 55% (Restrictions apply)
- Non-profit businesses are ineligible
- Other names on bank statements used to qualify:
  - 100% access letter required
  - LOE required from individuals on account. Relationship, employment, association with business?, do they contribute to the bank account?
  - Any deposits in the name of the other parties are to be excluded

\*Refer to **LSM NanQ Matrix** to determine FICO, credit grades, Max LTV and Max DTI along with **NanQ SG sections 7.6** (Owner-Occupied/2<sup>nd</sup> Home) and **8.6** (Investment) for full guidelines.



**NEW!!!** One Year Self-Employed Program

- > Only <u>ONE</u> Year of Self-Employment required!!
- > Bank Statement program
- > Allowed with A+ grade, Min 660 Fico, Max LTV up to 80%
- > Refinance and Cash Out available
- > Must be self-employed for a minimum of 12 months
- > Previous full year W-2 employment, same profession required
- ➤ Most recent income greater than previous year's W-2 earnings
- > Income Calculations follows LSM Alt-Doc guidelines



# **Bank Statement**

### **Bank Statement Types: 3- and 12-Month Program**

<u>Personal bank statements</u> are statements that primarily contain a borrowers income deposits and **only** show payments for expenses directly related to the borrower's personal finance and other non-business-related activity.

<u>Business bank statements</u> will contain credit and debit activity directly related to the business which they are associated with. This may include deposits for the business and business-related expenses like payroll or other capital expenses in order to run and maintain the business.

<u>Co-mingled bank statements</u> contains both personal and business activity. A personal bank statement may contain business related expenses. When they are used to qualify income and business-related transactions are identified it is considered 'comingling'. The personal bank statement method of income calculation can NO longer be used, and the business-related method must be used to qualify.





#### **Personal Bank Statements: 12-Month Program**

When using personal bank statements, we can use 100% of qualifying deposits.

**Borrower's Qualifying Income** would be **lower** of **qualifying deposits** from most recent 12 months personal bank statements and income entered on **1003**. Qualifying income **may not exceed** income listed on 1003.

To support the personal bank statements, we need:

- Two months of business bank statements;
  - Must evidence activity to support business operations
  - May reflect transfers to the personal account
- > Business license and most recent company formation documents for LLC, Corp, or S-Corp.
- If the statements include additional names other than the borrower(s), the following is required:
  - 100% access letter from individual(s) included on statements
  - LOE from individual(s) included on statements explaining their relationship with the borrower(s), if they are employed or not, if they are associated with the business, and if they contribute income to the bank account.
  - Any deposits in the name of the other parties are to be excluded



### Fixed Expense Ratio - Business/Co-Mingled: 12-Month Program

Underwriter will evaluate the qualifying income of borrower/business using the Fixed Expense Ratio Table shown below for business related deposits. The expense factor used will be determined through the review of the completed business narrative form.

\*If the expense factor allows the borrower to qualify then no further expense analysis is required.

Fixed Expense Ratio Table			
November of ETE*/Contractors	0 1	2 10	10.
Number of FTE*/Contractors	<u>0 - 1</u>	<u>2 - 10</u>	<u>10+</u>
Service Business	20%	40%	60%
<b>Product Business</b>	30%	50%	70%

<sup>\*</sup>FTE= Full Time Employee

<u>Service Business Examples:</u> Consulting, Accounting, Legal, Therapy, Counseling, Financial Planning, Insurance, IT etc.

<u>Product Business Examples:</u> Retail, food services/restaurants, Manufacturing, Contracting/Construction etc.

SG 7.6.5/8.6.5



### Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income Calculation - Business/Co-Mingled: 12-Month Program

- 1. First, determine the **Business Gross Monthly Qualifying Income** by using the **lower** of **A** and **B**:
  - A. Average Allowable Monthly Deposits Total Expenses from Bank Statements divided by 12:

Total Allowable Deposits – Total Expenses

12

- B. Monthly Net Income Stated on the 1003
- 2. Next, determine the **Business Net Income**

Business Gross Monthly Qualifying Income X Fixed Expense Ratio (table previous page) = Business Fixed Expense

Business Gross Monthly Qualifying Income – Business Fixed Expense = **Business Net Income**.

3. Then, determine the **Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income** 

Business Net Income X Borrowers Percentage of Ownership of the Business = Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income



### Monthly Qualifying Income Calculation - Business/Co-Mingled: 12-Month Program

#### **Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income:**

Lesser of average allowable monthly deposits and 1003 income multiplied by expense ratio for type of business and number of employees found on the business narrative. Subtract that number from the business qualifying income and multiply by the borrower's percentage of business owned also found on the business narrative.

#### Example:

Average Allowable Monthly Deposits = \$10,000

1003 Income = \$12,000

Borrower has 9 employees and is in a Service Business = 40%

Borrower owns 80% of the business

#### Borrower's Qualifying Income = \$4,800

\$10,000 (lower of Average Allowable monthly deposits and 1003 income) x 40% (expense ratio for a service business with 9 employees) = \$4,000 (Expense Factor) \$10,000 (Business Qualifying Income - \$4,000 (Expense Factor) = \$6,000 (Business Net Income)

\$6,000 x 80% (percent of business owned) = \$4,800

Fixed Expense Ratio	o Table		
Number of			
FTE*/Contractors	<u>0 - 1</u>	<u>2 - 10</u>	<u>10+</u>
<b>Service Business</b>	20%	40%	60%
<b>Product Business</b>	30%	50%	70%

<u>Service Business Examples</u> - Consulting, Accounting, Legal, Therapy, Counseling, Financial Planning, Insurance, IT, etc.

<u>Product Business Examples</u> - Retail, FoodServices/Restaurant, Manufacturing, Contracting/Construction

\*FTE= Full Time Employee



**Rebuttals: Business/Co-Mingled** 

#### Table not enough?

If the type of business has a materially different expense factor, two rebuttal options are listed below. Should the underwriter uncover any red flags which require further review, the underwriter may request additional documentation.

- Rebuttal Option 1: Business Expense Statement Letter from tax professional or a Properly Licensed Accounting/Bookkeeping Firm supervised by a certified accountant with 12 Months Bank Statements (24 Months Bank Statements if required by underwriter)
- <u>Rebuttal Option 2</u>: Tax Professional/CPA's/Properly Licensed Accounting/Bookkeeping Firm supervised by a certified accountant 12 Month profit and loss (P&L) statement (24 months if required by underwriter)



### Bank Statement

Rebuttal 1 - Business Expense Statement: Business/Co-Mingled

Provide a <u>Business Expense Statement Letter</u> from a Tax Professional or a Properly Licensed Accounting/Bookkeeping Firm supervised by a Certified Accountant along with <u>12 Months</u> <u>Bank Statements.</u>

- Provide on company letterhead showing company name
- ➤ Include individual's license number if applicable
- Ensure it includes the borrower's percentage of business owned and the expense factor ratio
  - Expense factor lower than 15%?
    - Understanding of the business by a tax professional
    - Borrower business narrative
- Signed by certified professional



### **Business Expense Statement from Tax Preparer - Sample**

Cyndi Jensen, CPA, CrFA Jensen Tax & Accounting 29887 Thornton Drive Kingston IL 60145

June 16, 2021

To whom it concerns,

has been 100% owner of Phoenix Capital

Consulting Group LLC since the business was established on March 15, 2017.

The use of business funds to pay for down payment, closing costs and all other expenses on this property will have no negative effect on his business.

Taylor's expense factor ratio is 34% which includes all expenses and debts related to his business.

Cyndi Xusa, CPA, CrFA
Cyndi Jenson, CPA, CrFA
PTIN P00350626



### **Business Expense Letter From Tax Preparer – Calculation Example**

#### To Find Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income:

Take the lesser of the average allowable monthly deposits and 1003 income multiplied by expense ratio provided by CPA. Subtract that number from the business qualifying income and multiply by the borrower's percentage of business owned found on the expense letter.

#### Example:

- Average Allowable Monthly Deposits = \$10,000
- 1003 Income = \$12,000
- Expense factor provided by CPA = 34%
- Borrower owns 100% of the business

#### Qualifying Income = \$6,600

\$10,000 (lower of Average Allowable monthly deposits and 1003 income) x 34% (expense ratio provided by CPA) = \$3,400 (expense factor)

\$10,000 (business qualifying income) - \$3,400 (expense factor) = \$6,600

\$6,600 (business net income) x 100% (percent of business owned) = \$6,600



### Rebuttal 2 - 12 mo. Profit and Loss Statement: Business/Co-Mingled

Provide a <u>12-Month Profit and Loss (P&L) Statement</u> from a Tax Professional or a Properly Licensed Accounting/Bookkeeping Firm supervised by a Certified Accountant along with <u>12 months</u> of bank statements.

- ➤ P&L Sales/Revenue must be supported by the provided bank statements. Total deposits per bank statements minus any inconsistent deposits must be no more than 10% below revenue reflected on the P&L.
- ➤ If this requirement is not met with initial 12 months statements, continuous bank statements may be added to the analysis until the tolerance is met. If not able to meet 10% tolerance than must revert to Expense Factor calculation for qualifying income.
- Qualifying income
  - Lower of the Net Income indicated on the P&L or the income indicated on the initial 1003.
  - P&L <u>not</u> within 10% of bank statement income? QI is the **lower** of the income indicated on the 1003 and the bank statement income calculated from the business narrative form, and a fixed expense factor is applied.
- > The bank statements and the P&L must cover the same time period.
- Additional Bank Statements or Expense Analysis documentation may be requested by the underwriter as needed.



# Bank Statement

### **Rebuttal #2: Profit and Loss Sample**

#### INCOME

COMMISSIONS: \$316,717 TOTAL INCOME: \$316,717

#### **EXPENSES:**

ADVERTISTING: \$32,762
CAR AND TRUCK EXPENSES: \$5,853
RENT: \$3,450
DEDUCTIBLE MEALS: \$3,773
UTILITIES: \$819
PHONE: \$1,879
LEGAL FEE'S: \$750

TOTAL EXPENSES: \$50,775

NET INCOME: \$265,942



### **Borrower's Qualified Income Calculation from P&L: 12-Month Program**

- 1. Determine the **Business Net Monthly Qualifying Income** by using the **lower** of **a** or **b** =
  - a. Gross income from the P&L minus expenses divided by 12:

P&L Gross Income - Expenses

12

- b. Monthly Net Income Stated on the 1003
- 2. Determine the **Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income**

Business Net Monthly Qualifying Income X Borrowers Percentage of Ownership of the Business = Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income



# **Bank Statement**

### **Profit and Loss Statement, example**

#### **Example:**

- P&L indicates \$265,942 Net Annual Income (\$22,162 per month)
- 1003 states \$23,000 monthly income
- Bank statement review results in \$21,000 monthly income
- Borrower owns 60% of the business (found on business narrative)
- **>** Qualifying Monthly Income = \$13,297

\$22,162 (P&L <u>within</u> the 10% tolerance of bank statement income, use lower of P&L income and 1003 income) multiply by 60% (percent of business owned) = \$13,297





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### **Income/Expense Documentation Requirements: 3-Month Program**

- > Business license and most recent company formation documents for LLC, Corp, or S-Corp.
- > 12 Month Profit and Loss (P&L) Statement from CPA/Licensed Accountant
  - Proof of the preparer's current state license if applicable
- Minimum 3 Months Bank Statements or more if required to verify monthly income
- ➤ P&L Sales/Revenue must be supported by the provided bank statements. Total deposits per bank statements minus any inconsistent deposits must be no more than 10% below revenue reflected on the P&L
- ➤ If this requirement is not met with initial 3 months statements, continuous bank statements may be added to the analysis until the tolerance is met. If not able to meet 10% tolerance than must revert to Expense Factor calculation for qualifying income.
- Qualifying income
  - Lower of the Net Income indicated on the P&L or the income indicated on the initial 1003.
  - P&L <u>not</u> within 10% of bank statement income? QI is the **lower** of the income indicated on the 1003 and the bank statement income calculated from the business narrative form, and a fixed expense factor is applied.



# Bank Statement

### **Profit and Loss Sample: 3-Month Program**

#### INCOME

COMMISSIONS: \$316,717 TOTAL INCOME: \$316,717

#### **EXPENSES:**

ADVERTISTING: \$32,762 CAR AND TRUCK EXPENSES: \$5,853 RENT: \$3,450 DEDUCTIBLE MEALS: \$3,773 UTILITIES: \$819 PHONE: \$1,489 OFFICE EXPENSE: \$1,879 LEGAL FEE'S: \$750

TOTAL EXPENSES: \$50,775

NET INCOME: \$265,942



### Borrower's Qualified Income Calculation from P&L: 12-Month Program

- 1. Determine the **Business Net Monthly Qualifying Income** by using the **lower** of **a** or **b** =
  - a. Gross income from the P&L minus expenses divided by 12:

P&L Gross Income - Expenses

12

- b. Monthly Net Income Stated on the 1003
- 2. Determine the **Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income**

Business Net Monthly Qualifying Income X Borrowers Percentage of Ownership of the Business = Borrower's Monthly Qualifying Income



### **Profit and Loss Statement, Calculation Examples: 3-Month Program**

#### **Example:**

- P&L indicates \$265,942 Net Annual Income (\$22,162 per month)
- 1003 states \$23,000 monthly income
- Bank statement review results in \$21,000 monthly income
- Borrower owns 60% of the business (found on business narrative)

#### **Qualifying Monthly Income = \$13,297**

\$22,162 (P&L within 10% of bank statement income, use lower of P&L income and 1003 income) > 60% (percent of business owned) = \$13,297





# **Bank Statement**

**Deposits: 3- and 12-Month Program** 



Deposits that may be scrutinized

Large Deposits – 75% of monthly income (SG 6.5)
Unusual Deposits



**Examples** 

Proceeds from the sale of a home (not sales commission)

Tax refund

Transfer from another personal account or retirement account

Lottery winnings

Unexplained deposits or transfers

Deposits that are of a greater % than the other deposits



### Non-Sufficient Funds Timing Requirements: 3- and 12-Month Program

<u>Non-sufficient funds (NSF):</u> NSF activity within the last 12 months, or 24 months if required by uw, requires a satisfactory explanation by the borrower.

- > Excessive amounts of NSFs will be highly scrutinized and may cause the loan to be deemed ineligible.
- NSF occurrences included in the analysis are subject to the following tolerances:
  - Up to five (5) occurrences in the most recent twelve (12) months time period is acceptable if there are zero (0) occurrences in the most recent three (3) month time period.
  - Up to three (3) occurrences are allowed in the most recent twelve (12) month time period if there is **only** one (1) occurrence in the most recent two (2) month time period.
- Occurrences on the same day are counted as a one-time occurrence.

**Overdraft Protection Occurrence:** These may be excluded if statements for the linked account confirm that:

- The linked account balance/limit at the time of the transfer exceeded the amount of the overdraft transfer and...
- There were no fees charged for the overdraft.

**<u>Returned Checks:</u>** Are allowed if they do not result in a negative balance on the account.

NOTE: See "NSF" guidelines above for overdraft occurrences and returned checks not meeting these conditions.

SG: 7.6.7/8.6.7



### Resources

- > Fixed Expense Ratio Table
- > Business Narrative/Self Employment Questionnaire
- > EZ Calc Worksheet



### **Fixed Expense Ratio Table**

Fixed Expense Ratio Table			
Number of FTE*/Contractors	0 - 1	2 - 10	10+
<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Service Business	20%	40%	60%
<b>Product Business</b>	30%	50%	70%

<sup>\*</sup>FTE= Full Time Employee

<u>Service Business Examples:</u> Consulting, Accounting, Legal, Therapy, Counseling, Financial Planning, Insurance, IT etc.

<u>Product Business Examples:</u> Retail, food services/restaurants, Manufacturing, Contracting/Construction etc.

SG 7.6.5/8.6.5



### **Business Narrative Letter**

1.	Describe the business. Please provide as much detail as possible
2.	Does the business have a physical location?
	a. If Yes, does the business have more than one physical location?
	b. What is the address of your physical location?
2	How many people work for you?
Э.	a. Full-time:
	b. Contractors:
	Does the business manufacture a product that has a cost of goods?
	Does the business manufacture a product that has a cost of goods?  Does the business resell a product?  Yes N
	If the business address is different than the home address, please explain the use of the business address.
	,
7.	What percentage of the business do you own?
7.	What percentage of the business do you own?
7.	What percentage of the business do you own?
7.	What percentage of the business do you own?
7.	What percentage of the business do you own?
7. 8.	What percentage of the business do you own?  Is there anything else about the business that is important to know to analyze the bank statements?  We hereby certify that this information is true, accurate, and complete. I/We understand that any misrepresentation
7. 8.	What percentage of the business do you own?  Is there anything else about the business that is important to know to analyze the bank statements?
7. 8.	What percentage of the business do you own?  Is there anything else about the business that is important to know to analyze the bank statements?  We hereby certify that this information is true, accurate, and complete. I/We understand that any misrepresentation
7. 8.	What percentage of the business do you own?  Is there anything else about the business that is important to know to analyze the bank statements?  We hereby certify that this information is true, accurate, and complete. I/We understand that any misrepresentation
7. 8.	What percentage of the business do you own? Is there anything else about the business that is important to know to analyze the bank statements?  We hereby certify that this information is true, accurate, and complete. I/We understand that any misrepresentationade in this questionnaire may result in declination of our loan application.



<sup>\*</sup>Located on LSM Client Portal in the Documents tab

**EZ Qual Request Form: Send to EZQUAL@LSMortgage.com** 

$10$ $\Lambda$ $N$	LOANSTREAM MORTGAGE
STREAM	EZ QUAL REQUES
MORTGAGE	
Please complete all applicable fields and er Please allow 24 hours for a response.	nail this form and supporting documentation to EZQUAL@LSMORTGAGE.COM
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I. CORRESPONDENT CONTACT INF	
Company Name Requester Email	Requester Name Requester Phone
LoanStream Sales Executive	requester Friorie
II. APPLICANT INFORMATION	
APPLICANT 1 FULL NAME	Last 4 Digits of SSN
Business Name	Business Type
Percent Ownership	Minimum 2 Years Self-employed ☐ Yes ☐ No
III. INCOME ANALYSIS	
Submit the following documentation for	
	which are Personal or Business or Co-mingled
Product or Service business	Number of Employees/Contractors
IV. LOAN STRUCTURE DESK	to the control of the country and the control of the control of
2 Years Tax Returns	ion if you need assistance with credit grade and loan structuring.  Credit Report(s)
Assets	Lease Agreements (DSCR/No-ratio Loans)
☐ Business Narrative	
V. EXCEPTION REQUEST	
	8 - 8
If applicable, let us know if you are reque	
VI. CORRESPONDENT COMMENTS	e will help us structure your loan, including any compensating factors.
VI. CORRESPONDENT COMMENTS	
VI. CORRESPONDENT COMMENTS Please share any information you believ	



<sup>\*</sup>Located on LSM Client Portal in the Documents tab

### **Contact Us**

**Chrisi Gordon** 

Client Services Representative

Cameo Manci

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www.LSCorrespondent.com

# THANK YOU



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